



Mayur Nallamala Senior Portfolio Manager and Head of Asian Equity RBC BlueBay Asset Management



David Soh Portfolio Manager and Head of Research RBC BlueBay Asset Management

Published December 2023

India has been one of the hottest markets in the region in 2023, capturing investors' attention and making significant gains year-to-date, with the MSCI India Index up 19%¹.

However, travelling to the country in the last quarter of the year, we found it in a state of cooling. In one sense, this was quite literal, as in the post-monsoon months the temperature drops and the usual humidity dissipates.

Yet, speaking more metaphorically, in the aftermath of the Cricket World Cup the country was consoling itself, following its loss against long-standing rival, Australia. The tournament marked the latest defeat for the world's most populous nation and was a particular blow given India's status as host, dashing the hopes of the 120,000 supporters in Ahmedabad's Narendra Modi stadium and beyond.

Whilst disappointment from fans was evident, it was perhaps felt more keenly by Prime Minister Modi himself. There had been much talk of the World Cup having been conveniently set up ahead of April 2024, when Modi faces re-election for a potential third term, as leader of the Bharatiya Janata Party ("BJP"). It seems that the Australians were not paying close attention to the BJP's master plan...

However, luckily for the BJP, its popularity means that it appears to be weathering the storm, with regional elections demonstrating strong support across the Hindi heartland. It is worth noting that these elections are not necessarily strong indicators for the national election result, as they focus on local issues, with regional power players having more influence, however they are demonstrating a solid backdrop for the party in the run up to April's election. It would certainly be a huge surprise to us, and to the market, if anything but a strong showing from the incumbent were to result.

¹ Bloomberg, as at 30 November 2023.

Thinking ahead to 2024 more generally, investor attention is turning to what is in store for India's stock market, following its recent strong performance. Over the past few years, certain Asian markets have surprised in January, often in the form of a reversal of events in the months or quarters leading up to year end. In this vein, investors are currently focused on the polarised performers of 2023, India and China, and whether we can expect to see a reversal in terms of their performance relative to each other (Figures 1 and 2).

"Thinking ahead to 2024 more generally, investor attention is turning to what is in store for India's stock market, following its recent strong performance."

There does seem to be some substance behind this prediction, given China's historically cheap valuations and more supportive measures being touted for the country's embattled property sector. China looks to be on track for a potential value rally in early 2023, in contrast to India's historically high valuations across most, if not all, sectors. However, our view is that this consensus oversimplifies the outlook for these two countries.



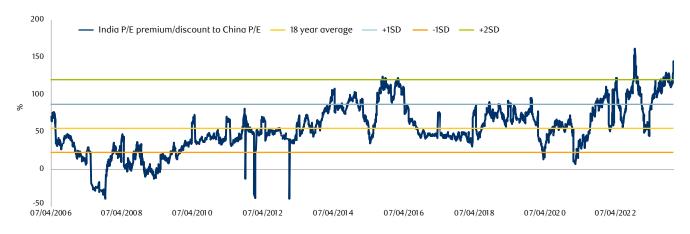
Pride and confidence in India's future shine through, even in the wake of a disappointing World Cup defeat.

Figure 1: Indian stocks have outperformed China and EM peers since the post-pandemic rally



Source: Bloomberg, as at November 2023.

Figure 2: India's valuation premium to China is now at extremes



Source: Bloomberg, as at November 2023.

"For India on the other hand, the good times are rolling, and in our view, it is hard to find many negatives."

For China, a reversal is unlikely to be plain sailing. Global investors continue to be preoccupied with the moral quandaries that come with investing in the region, whether that be the country's support of Russia in recent years, or concerns surrounding supply chains. For those with an outlook more driven by realpolitik, the loss of confidence amongst domestic consumers is concerning and will likely take some years to rebuild.

For India on the other hand, the good times are rolling, and in our view, it is hard to find many negatives. Whilst this in itself is likely to raise some red flags for investors, the long-term potential for the country is certainly appealing. Meetings with company management during our visit were largely optimistic across all areas of the market, from financials to CapEx plays, and consumer companies to cyclicals. Even the management of staples names that have seen consumption stymied in recent years, as a result of higher inflation, were offering positive outlooks.



Special economic zones help improve the ease of doing business for both local and foreign companies.

India's position as a key global player has also been bolstered over the course of the year, not least by hosting the G20 leadership summit in New Delhi in September. From our own experience, the international attention on the country was evident at the investor conference attended by David Soh, our Portfolio Manager and Head of Research, with investors from all over the world flying into Mumbai for three days of meetings and presentations with Indian businesses. Taking place at the Trident hotel, Nariman Point, the atmosphere was buzzing, and it was hard to recognise it as the same place that witnessed the Mumbai terrorist attacks back in 2008.

Elsewhere in the city, evidence of the country's rapid evolution is tangible. India's digital transformation is well underway, with businesses of all sizes adopting modern technology. Walking around the city, credit card machines have replaced cash payments, and even street food stands now accept digital payments via QR codes.

This global focus and modernisation is by no means confined to Mumbai, and a visit to Chennai, the 'Gateway of South India', demonstrated the strength of the country's offering as an industrial hub. Chennai has a broad industrial base across numerous sectors, as well as being a large global outsourcing destination for IT and business processes. Chennai's industrial parks play host to both Indian and multinational businesses and are situated within special economic zones, improving the overall ease of doing business.

Modi's 'Make in India' initiative seems to be playing out, with manufacturing industries growing fast and India continuing to establish itself as a frontrunner in the 'China +1' model. Exports in newer industries, such as electronic hardware, are seeing strong growth, bolstered by government recognition and policy support, with companies such as Apple already investing heavily in the country.



Manufacturing industries in India are booming. A tour of a production line at a leading electronics manufacturing services ("EMS") company.



Blending in at the entrance to an EMS factory assembly line.

That said, traces of China's dominance in regional supply chains are still very much present and easy to observe in production lines, with key parts (lithium batteries, for example) and manufacturing and testing equipment still being heavily sourced from China.

Nonetheless, it is clear that prospects are looking bright for India. Whilst present valuations are unsupportive and over the near term there is a strong likelihood of India underperforming China in the lead up to the elections (especially if China welcomes renewed interest following a difficult 2023), a decade of improvements in taxation frameworks, legislation and policy means that the country is in a strong position to reap future rewards. Even with India's supply chains somewhat tethered to China's, the potential for development across various sectors is huge, and we are already seeing strong evidence of multinationals turning to India as an alternative to China.



'Make in India': a supportive policy environment creating new growth opportunities

"With India's market depth and supportive environment, we believe the country still has much to offer."

It is likely that political stability will add succour to the long-term optimism, but even a surprise loss would not derail continued strong performance over the medium to long term, in our opinion.

Ultimately, the investment case for India has not been weakened by its already stellar performance, and whilst India and China are often mentioned in the same breath, we don't believe their relative merits and future performance are dependent on one another. This is even more the case for bottom-up stock pickers, and with India's market depth and supportive environment, we believe the country still has much to offer.

This document is a marketing communication and it may be produced and issued by the following entities: in the European Economic Area (EEA), by BlueBay Funds Management Company S.A. (BBFM S.A.), which is regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF). In Germany, Italy, Spain and Netherlands the BBFM S.A is operating under a branch passport pursuant to the Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities Directive (2009/65/EC) and the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (2011/61/EU). In the United Kingdom (UK) by RBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited (RBC GAM UK), which is authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA), registered with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and a member of the National Futures Association (NFA) as authorised by the US Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC). In Switzerland, by BlueBay Asset Management AG where the Representative and Paying Agent is BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, succursale de Zurich, Selnaustrasse 16, 8002 Zurich, Switzerland. The place of performance is at the registered office of the Representative. The courts at the registered office of the Swiss representative or at the registered office or place of residence of the investor shall have jurisdiction pertaining to claims in connection with the offering and/or advertising of shares in Switzerland. The Prospectus, the Key Investor Information Documents (KIIDs), the Packaged Retail and Insurance-based Investment Products - Key Information Documents (PRIIPs KID), where applicable, the Articles of Incorporation and any other document required, such as the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports, may be obtained free of charge from the Representative in Switzerland. In Japan, by BlueBay Asset Management International Limited which is registered with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau of Ministry of Finance, Japan. In Asia, by RBC Global Asset Management (Asia) Limited, which is registered with the Securities and Futures Commission (SFC) in Hong Kong. In Australia, RBC GAM UK is exempt from the requirement to hold an Australian financial services license under the Corporations Act in respect of financial services as it is regulated by the FCA under the laws of the UK which differ from Australian laws. In Canada, by RBC Global Asset Management Inc. (including PH&N Institutional) which is regulated by each provincial and territorial securities commission with which it is registered. RBC GAM UK is not registered under securities laws and is relying on the international dealer exemption under applicable provincial securities legislation, which permits RBC GAM UK to carry out certain specified dealer activities for those Canadian residents that qualify as "a Canadian permitted client", as such term is defined under applicable securities legislation. In the United States, by RBC Global Asset Management (U.S.) Inc. ("RBC GAM-US"), an SEC registered investment adviser. The entities noted above are collectively referred to as "RBC BlueBay" within this document. The registrations and memberships noted should not be interpreted as an endorsement or approval of RBC BlueBay by the respective licensing or registering authorities. Not all products, services or investments described herein are available in all jurisdictions and some are available on a limited basis only, due to local regulatory and legal requirements.

This document is intended only for "Professional Clients" and "Eligible Counterparties" (as defined by the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive ("MiFID") or the FCA); or in Switzerland for "Qualified Investors", as defined in Article 10 of the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act and its implementing ordinance, or in the US by "Accredited Investors" (as defined in the Securities Act of 1933) or "Qualified Purchasers" (as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940) as applicable and should not be relied upon by any other category of customer.

Unless otherwise stated, all data has been sourced by RBC BlueBay. To the best of RBC BlueBay's knowledge and belief this document is true and accurate at the date hereof. RBC BlueBay makes no express or implied warranties or representations with respect to the information contained in this document and hereby expressly disclaim all warranties of accuracy, completeness or fitness for a particular purpose. Opinions and estimates constitute our judgment and are subject to change without notice. RBC BlueBay does not provide investment or other advice and nothing in this document constitutes any advice, nor should be interpreted as such. This document does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to purchase any security or investment product in any jurisdiction and is for information purposes only.

No part of this document may be reproduced, redistributed or passed on, directly or indirectly, to any other person or published, in whole or in part, for any purpose in any manner without the prior written permission of RBC BlueBay. Copyright 2023 © RBC BlueBay. RBC Global Asset Management (RBC GAM) is the asset management division of Royal Bank of Canada (RBC) which includes RBC Global Asset Management (U.S.) Inc. (RBC GAM-US), RBC Global Asset Management Inc., RBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited and RBC Global Asset Management (Asia) Limited, which are separate, but affiliated corporate entities. ® / Registered trademark(s) of Royal Bank of Canada and BlueBay Asset Management (Services) Ltd. Used under licence. BlueBay Funds Management Company S.A., registered office 4, Boulevard Royal L-2449 Luxembourg, company registered in Luxembourg number B88445. RBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited, registered office 100 Bishopsgate, London EC2N 4AA, registered in England and Wales number 03647343. All rights reserved.

Published December 2023

RE/0011/12/23

